



Forests in a Green Economy Transitioning towards a Green Economy requires mobilizing increased

Transitioning towards a Green Economy requires mobilizing increased public and private investments in forests. Capital formation in a green economy is dependent on healthy and sustainably managed forests. Forests serve as inputs in production, generating private low-carbon goods from timber to food. They operate as ecological infrastructure, producing public goods such as climate regulation and water-resource protection. In this vision of forests, growth in income and employment is driven by public and private investments. These investments reduce cabon emissions, enhance resource efficiency, and prevent the loss of forest-based biodiversity and ecosystem goods and services.

My name is Christine Nasirumbi Okwaro. I come from Nairobi, Kenya. I am currently pursuing a Masters degree in Environmental Management at UNEP-Tongji Institute of Education for Sustainable development.

